#### DATA SHEET



## MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR 2SK4145

#### SWITCHING **N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET**

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The 2SK4145 is N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high current switching applications.

#### **FEATURES**

• Low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)} = 10 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (V}_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 42 \text{ A})$ 

• Low input capacitance

Ciss = 5300 pF TYP.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART NUMBER	LEAD PLATING	PACKING	PACKAGE
2SK4145-S19-AY Note	Pure Sn (Tin)	Tube 50 p/tube	TO-220 typ. 1.9 g

**Note** Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in the external electrode).

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (Vgs = 0 V)	VDSS	60	V
Gate to Source Voltage (VDS = 0 V)	Vgss	±20	V
Drain Current (DC) (Tc = 25°C)	I <sub>D(DC)</sub>	±84	Α
www.DataSheet41.com Drain Current (pulse) Note1	I <sub>D(pulse)</sub>	±215	Α
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	P <sub>T1</sub>	84	W
Total Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)	P <sub>T2</sub>	1.5	W
Channel Temperature	Tch	150	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
Single Avalanche Current Note2	las	32	Α
Single Avalanche Energy Note2	Eas	102	mJ

**Notes 1.** PW  $\leq$  10  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  1%

2. Starting T<sub>ch</sub> = 25°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 30 V, R<sub>G</sub> = 25  $\Omega$ , V<sub>GS</sub> = 20  $\rightarrow$  0 V, L = 100  $\mu$ H

#### THERMAL RESISTANCE

1.49 °C/W Channel to Case Thermal Resistance Rth(ch-C) Channel to Ambient Thermal Resistance °C/W Rth(ch-A) 83.3

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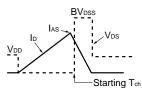
#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)**

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	V <sub>DS</sub> = 60 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V			±100	nA
Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage	V <sub>GS(off)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA	2.0	3.0	4.0	V
Forward Transfer Admittance Note	y <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 30 A	16	31		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance Note	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 42 A		7	10	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V,		5300		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,		540		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		330		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 30 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 42 A,		25		ns
Rise Time	tr	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V,		17		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	R <sub>G</sub> = 0 Ω		66		ns
Fall Time	tf			9		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 48 V,		90		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V,		21		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> = 84 A		30		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage Note	V <sub>F(S-D)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 84 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		1.0	1.5	V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	I <sub>F</sub> = 84 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,		43		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 100 A/ <i>μ</i> s		62		nC

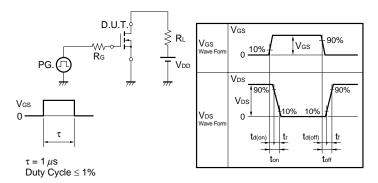
Note Pulsed

#### **TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY**

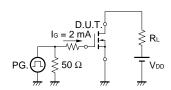
# $\begin{array}{c} \text{D.U.T.} \\ \text{RG} = 25 \ \Omega \\ \text{Www.DataSheet4U.com} \\ \text{VGS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 \ \text{V} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{D.U.T.} \\ \text{RG} = 25 \ \Omega \\ \text{Whole } \end{array}$



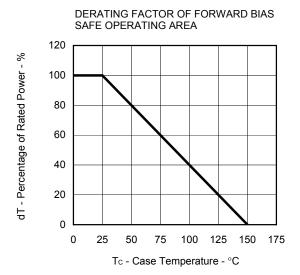
#### TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME

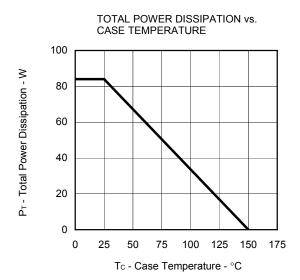


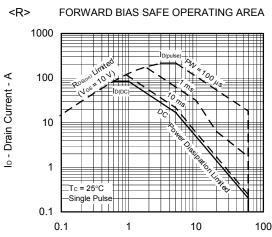
#### TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE



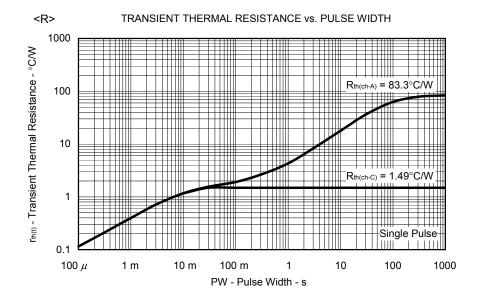
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

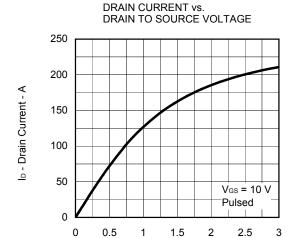


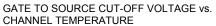




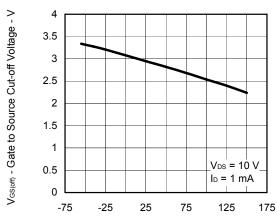








VDS - Drain to Source Voltage - V

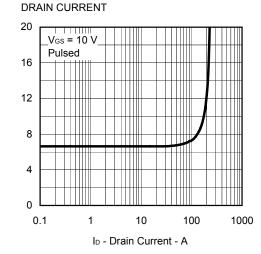


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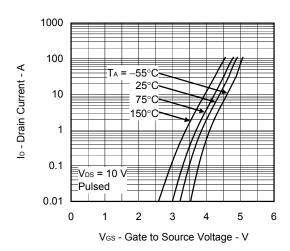
 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{DS}(\varpi)}$  - Drain to Source On-state Resistance -  $m\Omega$ 

DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs.

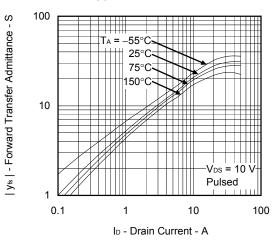
Tch - Channel Temperature - °C



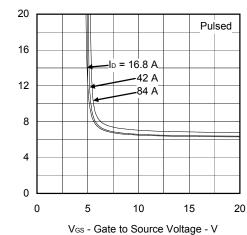
#### FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



## FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

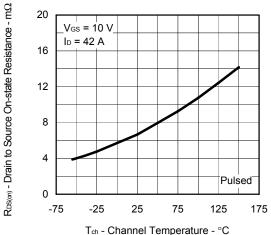


DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

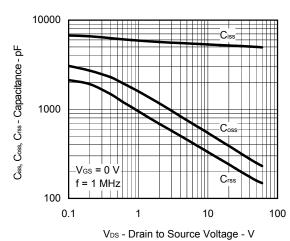


R<sub>DS(m)</sub> - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ

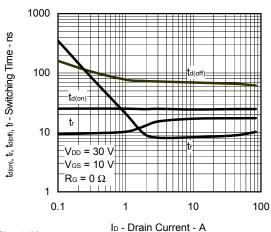




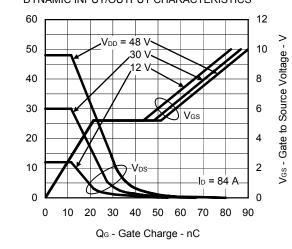
### CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

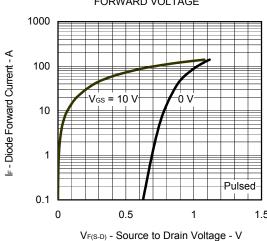


DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

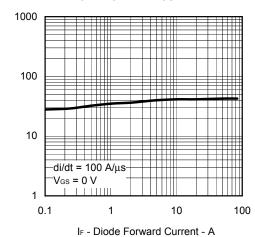


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## SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



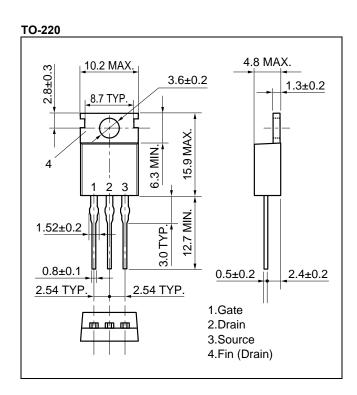
REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DIODE FORWARD CURRENT



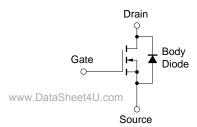
Vps - Drain to Source Voltage - V

tr - Reverse Recovery Time - ns

#### PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)

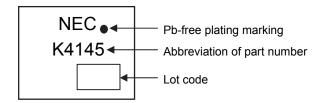


#### **EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT**



**Remark** Strong electric field, when exposed to this device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred.

#### MARKING INFORMATION



#### RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

The 2SK4145 should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions.

For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, please contact an NEC Electronics sales representative.

For technical information, see the following website.

Semiconductor Device Mount Manual (http://www.necel.com/pkg/en/mount/index.html)

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Recommended Condition Symbol
Wave soldering	Maximum temperature (Solder temperature): 260°C or below	
	Time: 10 seconds or less	THDWS
	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less	
Partial heating	Maximum temperature (Pin temperature): 350°C or below	
	Time (per side of the device): 3 seconds or less	P350
	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less	

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

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